COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	HUMANITIES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF MEDITERRANEAN STUDIES				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	AYE-08 SEMESTER 6				
COURSE TITLE	ARCHAEOLOGICAL THEORY AND EXCAVATION PRACTICES				
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES					
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS			
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	xercises, etc.			CREDITS	
are awarded for the whole of the	course, give				
teaching hours and th					
			3		5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the					
teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).					
COURSE TYPE	specialised general knowledge, skills development				
general background,					
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	No				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek				
and EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	No				
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

With the successful completion of the course students should be able to:

-know and understand the evolution of archaeology and the impact of influences from various cultural and political interpretations from the 17th to the 20th century A.D.

- -explain the theories of archaeological practice and the interpretation of archaeological data.
- -distinguish the methods and the tools used by the archaeologist, from the identification of archaeological sites, the excavation, the definition, co-relation and classification of archaeological data, to the final publication, which marks the fulfillment of the archaeological work.
- -classify, analyze and interpret archaeological data and strata.
- -acquire archaeological data from the field
- -evaluate in a critical way archaeological data and reconstruct in general the life of an archaeological site in a given time.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Working independently Criticism and self-criticism

Team work Production of free, creative and inductive

Working in an international environment thinking Working in an interdisciplinary
environment Others...

Production of new research ideas

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

Decision-making

Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment

(3) SYLLABUS

- History of Archaeological science
- Definition and objectives
- Branches and theories
- Archaeological Evidence
- -Survey: methods and practices
- -Excavation: methods and practices
- Methods of archaeological data acquisition and chronology
- Methods of classification, analysis and interpretation
- Practical applications (on site conservation of artifacts, archaeological drawing)

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face		
Face-to-face, Distance learning,			
etc.			
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of ICT in teaching		
COMMUNICATIONS			
TECHNOLOGY			
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory			
education, communication with			
students			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39 hours (1.56 ECTS)	
teaching are described in detail.	Personal study	83 hours (3.32 ECTS)	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	End of semester exam	3 hours (0.12 ECTS)	
practice, fieldwork, study and			
analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art			
workshop, interactive teaching,			
educational visits, project, essay			
writing, artistic creativity, etc.			
writing, artistic creativity, etc.	l - .		
The student's study hours for each	Course total	125 hours (5 ECTS)	
learning activity are given as well			
as the hours of non-directed study			
according to the principles of the			
ECTS			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE			
EVALUATION	Language of evaluation: Greek		
Description of the evaluation			
procedure	methods of evaluation: short-answer questions, open-		
	ended questions	, , , ,	
Language of evaluation, methods			
of evaluation, summative or			
conclusive, multiple choice			
questionnaires, short-answer			
questions, open-ended questions,			
problem solving, written work,			
essay/report, oral examination,			
public presentation, laboratory			
work, clinical examination of			
patient, art interpretation, other			
Charifically defined			
Specifically-defined evaluation			
criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to			
students.			
students.			

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

In Greek

Ζώης, Λ. 1990. Αρχαιολογία στην Ελλάδα. Αθήνα: Πολύτυπο.

Θέμελης, Π. 2018. Ανασκαφή. Αθήνα: Παπαζήσης.

Καραλή, Λ., 1998. Λεξικό Αρχαιολογικών - Περιβαλλοντικών Όρων. Αθήνα: Ελληνικά Γράμματα.

Κουμανούδη, Σ. 1983. Η Ελληνική Αρχαιολογία. Αθήνα: Τυπογρ. «Κείμενα».

Χατζή-Βαλλιάννου Δ. 1985. Συντήρηση Μνημείων, Τεχνικές Ανασκαφών. Βώροι: ΥΠΠΟ-ΕΚΤ-MKE.

Derruau, M. 1987. *Ανθρωπογεωγραφία*. Αθήνα: ΜΙΕΤ.

Ettienne, R. et Ettienne, F. 2000. Αρχαία Ελλάδα, η Αρχαιολογία μιας Ανακάλυψης. Αθήνα: Δεληθανάσης.

Johnson, M. 2018. Αρχαιολογική Θεωρία, Μια Εισαγωγή, Μετάφραση: Θεόδωρος Γ. Γιαννόπουλος, Πανεπιστημιακές Εκδόσεις Κρήτης-ΙΤΕ, Ηράκλειο.

Renfrew, C. and Bahn, G.P., 2001. Αρχαιολογία. Θεωρία, Μεθοδολογία και Πρακτικές Εφαρμογές, Αθήνα: Καρδαμίτσα.

Trigger, B.G. 2005. Μια Ιστορία της Αρχαιολογικής Σκέψης. Αθήνα: Αλεξάνδρεια.

Ξενόγλωσση

Drewett, P.L. 2001. Field Archaeology - An Introduction, London: UCL Press.

Hodder, I. 1995. *Theory and Practice in Archaeology*, London-New York: Routledge.

Orton, C., Tyers, P., and Vince, A. 1993. Pottery in Archaeology (Cambridge Manuals in Archaeology). Cambridge-New York: Cambridge University Press.

Scheffer, C. 2001. Ceramics in Context: Proceedings of the Internordic Colloquium on Ancient Pottery, held at Stockholm, 13-15 June 1997. Stockholm: Almqvist & Wiksell.

Stefanakis M.I. (ed.) 2017, KYMISSALA. Archaeology - Education - Sustainability, Oxford: Archaeopress 2017, 14 συμβολές, 191 σελίδες (ISBN: 978-1-78491-768-5).

Related academic journals

Journal of Archaeological Method and Theory Public Archaeology Journal Experimental Archaeology EXARC Journal Journal of Field Archaeology Journal of Anthropological Archaeology Ανάσκαμα

Ευλιμένη/Eulimene

Archaeology