COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	FACULTY OF HUMANITIES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF MEDITERRANEAN STUDIES				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE					
COURSE CODE	ΔΥ-16		SEMESTER 5		
COURSE TITLE	THEORY AND METHODOLOGY OF INTERNATIONAL				
	RELATIONS				
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits			WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS
			3		5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).					
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Specialised general knowledge, skills development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	No				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	No				
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications
 Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course offers an introduction to the analytical tools of the "International Relations discipline", namely IR theories and approaches

With the successful completion of the course students should be able:

- to acquire knowledge of IR as an evolving academic discipline and to have an indepth and systematic knowledge of the origins, historical evolution, and current debates and challenges of the discipline of International Relations
- to have a succinct understanding of the main theoretical traditions (Realism and Liberalism) and their most influential strands, i.e. "Classical" and Neoclassicall Realism"; "Strategic Realism", "Neorealism" and "Interdependence Liberalism"; "Institutional Liberalism" and "Republical Liberalism".
- to become familiar with the diverse international relations theories and their relationship with one another

- to be acquainted with the main points of contention between theories; the critique made on the established theoretical approaches; and their strengths and weaknesses in analyzing and explaining international phenomena
- to be able to critically evaluate the IR scholarship and explore new insights and working hypotheses in the study of world politics
- to comprehend how major theoretical debates link up with each other and structure the discipline of IR
- to grasp how particular IR theories organize and sharpen their view of the world
- to understand the relationship between theory and practice in world politics and to assess the policy-relevance of the various established theories of international relations
- to make inferences about the methodological validity of a theory used to understand and explain a given phenomenon

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary

Respect for difference and multiculturalism

technology Respect for the natural environment

Adapting to new situations Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and

Decision-making sensitivity to gender issues

Working independently Criticism and self-criticism

Team work Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Production of new research ideas

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Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

Adapting to new situations

Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Decision-making

Production of new research agenda

Working independently

Criticism and self - criticism

Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

- Emphasis is given on those theories and approaches that have proved to be of more enduring importance than others, the so-called "established" or "main theoretical traditions", namely Realism, Liberalism, International Society (the so-called "English School"), and certain important theories of International Political Economy (IPE)
- A major new approach in the discipline, "Social Constructivism", is also discussed
- Given that some of the most important IR questions are methodological in nature, part of the course is devoted to the discussion of the most important methodological debate in the field that appeared in the 1950s and 1960s and has returned to center stage since the end of the Cold War, namely the "classical" or "traditional" versus the "social scientific" or "positivist"

methods to international relations

- Moreover, some of the "post-positivist" approaches and methods that have gained prominence in recent years, like critical and normative theory, are also briefly discussed
- Last, but not least, the course places particular emphasis on the relationship between "IR theory" (academic knowledge of international relations) and "IR practice" (real world events and activities of world politics).

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face			
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of ICT in teaching			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload		
The manner and methods of teaching are	Lectures	39 hours (1.56 ECTS)		
described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Personal study	83 hours (3.32 ECTS)		
fieldwork, study and analysis of	End of semester exam	3 hours (0.12 ECTS)		
bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching,		,		
educational visits, project, essay writing,				
artistic creativity, etc.				
The student's study hours for each learning				
activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the				
principles of the ECTS				
	Course total	125 hours (5 ECTS)		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE				
EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure	Language of evaluation: Greek			
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, shortanswer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	Methods of evaluation: written exams s, open-ended questions. Written essays			
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.				

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

Ελληνόγλωσση

John Baylis, Steve Smith, Patricia Owens, Η Παγκοσμιοποίηση της Διεθνούς Πολιτικής (Εκδόσεις Επίκεντρο, Θεσσαλονίκη, 2013)

Αλέξης Ηρακλέιδης, Διεθνείς σχέσεις:Θεωρητικές προσεγγίσεις στα σύγχρονα Διεθνή προβλήματα, Αθήνα: Εκδόσεις Ι.Σιδέρης, 2019.

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A-I. Μεταξάς, Πολιτική επιστήμη, διακλαδική και συγχρονική διερεύνηση της πολιτικής πράξης: Διεθνείς σχέσεις:Συσχετισμοί και διεξαρτήσεις, Αθήνα: Εκδόσεις Ι.Σιδέρης, 2016.

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Σωτήρης Ντάλης, Από τις διεθνείς σχέσεις στη διεθνή πολιτική,Αθήνα: Εκδόσεις Παπαζήση,2015.

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Ξενόγλωσση

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American Journal of Political Science
Cambridge Review of International Affairs
European Journal of International Relations
Foreign Policy Analysis
International Affairs
International Organisation
International Security
International Studies Perspectives
International Studies Quarterly
International Studies Review
World Politics